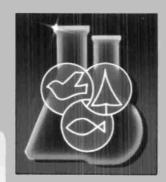
# LABORATORY SERVICES BRANCH

MINISTRY OF THE ENVIRONMENT





Q 183 052 L33 1987-88 MCE c.1 a aa Copyright Provisions and Restrictions on Copying:

This Ontario Ministry of the Environment work is protected by Crown copyright (unless otherwise indicated), which is held by the Queen's Printer for Ontario. It may be reproduced for non-commercial purposes if credit is given and Crown copyright is acknowledged.

It may not be reproduced, in all or in part, for any commercial purpose except under a licence from the Queen's Printer for Ontario.

For information on reproducing Government of Ontario works, please contact ServiceOntario Publications at <a href="mailto:copyright@ontario.ca">copyright@ontario.ca</a>

## LABORATORY SERVICES BRANCH

INVENTORY

0F

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES

(FISCAL YEAR 1987/1988)

Ontario Ministry of the Environment Environmental Services Division Laboratory Services Branch 125 Resources Road Rexdale, Ontario M9W 5L1

Alus

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

			Page
Preface.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	i
CHAPTER	1	LABORATORY SERVICES BRANCH INTERNAL PROJECTS	1
CHAPTER	2	LABORATORY SERVICES BRANCH - UNIVERSITY JOINT RESEARCH VENTURE PROJECTS	34
CHAPTER	3	LABORATORY SERVICES BRANCH EXTERNAL PROJECTS	36
CHAPTER	4	RESEARCH ADVISORY COMMITTEE PROJECTS	37

#### PREFACE

The inventory is a summary of the research and development projects being undertaken by the Laboratory Services Branch (LSB) in fiscal year 1987/88. The inventory provides a useful chronicle of the current analytical research and development activities of importance to the Laboratory Services Branch.

A brief description of 55 projects is provided. The projects are grouped according to the following four research categories:

- (1) LSB internal research carried out in-house by the Branch.
- (2) LSB/University joint research venture co-operative research studies between the Branch and the Universities, funded by the Branch.
- (3) LSB external projects conducted outside (contract) the Ministry, funded by the Branch.
- (4) Research Advisory Committee (RAC) projects undertaken outside the Ministry (grant, solicited or unsolicited contract) through funding provided by the RAC. Project liaison provided by Branch scientists.

The LSB analytical research program focuses primarily on projects necessary for maintaining a state-of-the-art laboratory, improving productivity, improving the accuracy and precision of data and expanding the range of test capabilities.

More detailed information may be obtained by contacting the principal scientist or supervisor responsible for the project.

G. C. Ronan, Director

Laboratory Services Branch

# CHAPTER 1

LABORATORY SERVICES BRANCH

INTERNAL PROJECTS

PROJECT TITLE:

Investigation of the use of the Aqueous Phase Liquid Extractor (APLE) for ultra trace organic sampling of water for determination of chlorinated

dibenzo-p-dioxins/furans

OBJECTIVE(S):

To develop rapid on-site methods of sampling and extraction of ultra-trace levels of organics, especially the chlorinated dibenzo-p-dioxins and furans.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

The APLE sampler can extract up to 200 litres of water in the field in 1-2 hours using as little as 4 litres of solvent. Only the solvent needs to be transported back to the laboratory for analysis. Work will concentrate on analysis of chlorinated dioxins/furans in the particulate and aqueous components of pulp and paper effluents.

PROJECT START DATE:

July, 1987

REPORTING DATE:

January, 1988

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Sharon Suter Laboratory Services Branch Drinking Water Organics Section

235-5895

CONTACT:

Dr. Ray Clement
Laboratory Services Branch

Drinking Water Organics Section

PROJECT TITLE:

Comparison of Mass Spectral Instrumental Capabilities (Low Resolution Mass Spectrometer-LRMS; High Resolution Mass Spectrometer-HRMS; Dual Mass Spectrometer-MSMS) for

Chlorinated Dibenzo-p-dioxin and Dibenzofuran Determination

OBJECTIVE(S):

To compare high resolution MS, low resolution MS (MSD Finnigan 4500) and MS-MS capability for Dioxin/Furan Determination.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Instrument detection limits, linear dynamic range, and freedom from interference for various sample types will be investigated. It is planned to define the degree of chemical work-up and type of instrumentation needed for special applications

special applications.

PROJECT START DATE:

April, 1987

REPORTING DATE:

March, 1988

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Donna McCurvin

Laboratory Services Branch Drinking Water Organics Section

235-5892

CONTACT:

Dr. Ray Clement

Laboratory Services Branch

Drinking Water Organics Section

PROJECT TITLE:

Stability Study of Chlorinated

Dibenzo-p-dioxins and Dibenzofurans in Fish During

Storage.

OBJECTIVE(S):

To determine the effect of freezer storage time on

analytical results.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Up to two years or more can elapse before ground fish samples are analyzed. This study is needed to determine whether the

analytical results obtained are consistent over this time

period.

PROJECT START DATE:

January, 1987

REPORTING DATE:

January, 1989

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

David Schellenberg

Laboratory Services Branch Drinking Water Organics Section

235-5894

CONTACT:

Brian Bobbie

Laboratory Services Branch Drinking Water Organics Section

PROJECT TITLE:

Automated Cleanup Method for

Dioxins in Fish

OBJECTIVE(S):

The study includes 2 phases: Phase I: Develop improved fish

cleanup based on carbon

adsorbents

Phase II: Automate cleanup to allow overnight sample processing

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

I. Investigate the use of carbon fibre as adsorbents for the cleanup of fish tissue to improve recovery of dioxins and furans.

II. After the optimization of Phase I, the method will be automated by the use of robotics to allow increased sample

throughput.

PROJECT START DATE:

October, 1986

REPORTING DATE:

June, 1988

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Colleen Tashiro

Laboratory Services Branch Drinking Water Organics Section 235-5895

Joan Crowther

Laboratory Services Branch Water Quality Section 235-5868

CONTACT:

Dr. Ray Clement

Laboratory Services Branch

Drinking Water Organics Section

PROJECT TITLE:

Method Development for the Determination of Chlorinated

Dibenzo-p-dioxins and Dibenzofurans in Ambient Air.

OBJECTIVE(S):

To develop a method for the determination of dioxins and furans in ambient air so that the transport of dioxins/furans in the atmosphere can be studied.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

A method for the determination of dioxins in ambient air in cooperation with Air Resources Branch is being developed using polyurethane foam plugs in Hi-Vol samplers. High and low level spiked filters will be tested to determine recoveries

and ambient air levels.

Extraction method development is

also necessary.

PROJECT START DATE:

October, 1986

REPORTING DATE:

June, 1988

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Colleen Tashiro Laboratory Services Branch Drinking Water Organics Section 235-5897

Akos Szakolcai

Air Resources Branch

Emission Tech and Regulation

Section 965-1634

CONTACT:

Dr. Ray Clement Laboratory Services Branch Drinking Water Organics Section

PROJECT TITLE:

Investigation of Chlorinated Dibenzo-p-dioxins and Dibenzofurans in Atmospheric Deposition

OBJECTIVE(S):

To determine the presence/absence of dioxins/ furans in toxic precipitation samples by collecting precipita-tion over an extended period and at various locations.

B. To determine if there are losses of dioxins/furans to the glass bottle walls during extended storage periods.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Precipitation samples are collected for 28 day periods either directly or through an XAD cartridge. The samples are extracted, cleaned-up and analyzed by gas chromatographymass spectrometry for dioxins/ furans.

B. Dioxin spiked water samples are stored for varying periods of time, then extracted and analyzed to determine if wall losses of dioxins are occuring with extended collection/storage periods.

PROJECT START DATE:

November, 1986

REPORTING DATE:

March, 1988

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Colleen Tashiro Laboratory Services Branch Drinking Water Organics Section 235-5897

Maris Lusis

Air Resources Branch

Air Quality & Meteorology Section 965-1634

CONTACT:

Dr. Ray Clement Laboratory Services Branch Drinking Water Organics Section 235-5896

PROJECT TITLE:

Investigation of Volatiles

Loss/ Degradation in Fish/Sediment During Storage

OBJECTIVE(S):

To determine volatile

organics loss in prepared fish tissue and sediment, stored at sub-0°C temperature over various

time periods.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Fish will be prepared by present protocol. The blended tissue will be divided into sub-samples of approx. 10g. each and stored in glass vials (with teflon/silicone liners) at subo°C levels. At various time periods (i.e. 0 day, 1 day, 1 week, 2 week, 3 week, 5 week, 10 week), the tissue will be analyzed by purge + trap gas chromatography-mass spectrometry. The change in chromatographic fingerprint will be analyzed.

PROJECT START DATE:

July, 1987

REPORTING DATE:

August, 1988

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Steve Jenkins

Laboratory Services Branch Drinking Water Organics Section

235-5903

CONTACT:

Dr. Vince Taguchi

Laboratory Services Branch

Drinking Water Organics Section

PROJECT TITLE:

Development and Automation of a

High Performance Liquid Chromatograph (HPLC) Method for the Analysis of PAH's in Drinking

OBJECTIVE(S):

To develop and automate an HPLC method for the analysis of PAH's in drinking waters.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Development of extraction and automated HPLC analysis techniques for the analysis of 17 PAH's in drinking waters.

PROJECT START DATE:

March, 1987

REPORTING DATE:

December, 1987

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Patrick W. Crozier

Laboratory Services Branch Drinking Water Organics Section

235-5911

CONTACT:

Dr. David Hall

Laboratory Services Branch Drinking Water Organics Section 235-5910

PROJECT TITLE:

Feasibility Study for the Analysis of Toxaphene in Drinking

Waters.

OBJECTIVE(S):

To investigate the feasibility and if possible, implement methods for the analysis of toxaphene in drinking

waters.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Development of extraction,

clean-up and analysis methods for toxaphene in drinking waters, particularly methods of

quantitation.

PROJECT START DATE:

April, 1987

REPORTING DATE:

March, 1988

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Patrick W. Crozier Laboratory Services Branch

Drinking Water Organics Section 235-5911

CONTACT:

Dr. David Hall

Laboratory Services Branch Drinking Water Organics Section 235-5910

PROJECT TITLE:

Identification of Unknown Organic Contaminants by High Resolution Mass Spectrometry

(HRMS)

OBJECTIVE(S):

To identify unknown organic

environmental contaminants using high resolution mass

spectrometric techniques.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Use advanced instrumentation (ZAB-2F) to identify organic environmental contaminants not analyzable by conventional low resolution mass spectrometric techniques. Sophisticated techniques including high resolution Ms.

determinations), Mass

spectrometer-Mass spectrometer

(MS-MS), linked scanning and Mass Analyzed Ion Kinetic Spectrum (MIKES) will be employed.

PROJECT START DATE:

March, 1987

REPORTING DATE:

March, 1988

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Dr. Eric Reiner,

Laboratory Services Branch Drinking Water Organics Section

235-5903

CONTACT:

Dr. Vince Taguchi

Laboratory Services Branch

Drinking Water Organics Section 235-5902

PROJECT TITLE:

Chemical Characterization by Fourier Transform Infrared

Spectroscopy (FT-IR).

OBJECTIVE(S):

To adopt, develop and assess

spectroscopy techniques in environmental pollution utilizing Fourier Transform Infrared

Spectroscopy.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

To adopt for routine use a recently purchased FT-IR Spectrophotometer and utilize the advantages of the new analytical system (higher speed, increased sensitivity, fast electronic data collection, data manipulation and storage). Implement FT-IR for characterization of waste samples

and for litigation purposes.

PROJECT START DATE:

May, 1987

REPORTING DATE:

December, 1987

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Mira Petranovic

Laboratory Services Branch

Trace Organics Section 235-5758

George Wyhovszky

Laboratory Services Branch Trace Organics Section 235-5754

CONTACT:

Joe Osborne

Laboratory Services Branch

Trace Organics Section 235-5759

PROJECT TITLE:

Diffuse Reflectance Infrared Fourier Transform Spectroscopy

(Drift).

OBJECTIVE(S):

To establish applications of a new optical sampling device capable of direct examination of

solid powders.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

The technique under investigation is expected to be a

major time saver on sample preparation and will provide a major improvement of the analytical procedures identifying a wide range of solid materials.

PROJECT START DATE:

May, 1987

REPORTING DATE:

January, 1988

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Mira Petranovic

Laboratory Services Branch

Trace Organics Section 235-5758

George Wyhovszky

Laboratory Services Branch

Trace Organics Section 235-5754

CONTACT:

Joe Osborne

Laboratory Services Branch Trace Organics Section 235-5759

PROJECT TITLE:

Introduction of Gas Chromatography Fourier Transform Infrared Spectroscopy (GC-FTIR) for Mixed Waste Analysis.

OBJECTIVE(S):

To combine a powerful

separation technique (GC) with a diagnostic analytical instrument (infrared) for identification of volatile organic compounds in

mixed wastes.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

To develop practical analytical methods for

characterization and identification of major volatile organic compounds present in wastes from unknown sources.

PROJECT START DATE:

August, 1987

REPORTING DATE:

August, 1988

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Mira Petranovic

Laboratory Services Branch

Trace Organics Section 235-5758

George Wyhovszky

Laboratory Services Branch

Trace Organics Section 235-5754

CONTACT:

Joe Osborne

Laboratory Services Branch

Trace Organics Section 235-5759

PROJECT TITLE:

Evaluation of "TOX" Analyzer for on-site monitoring of Chlorinated Organics in Leachate.

OBJECTIVE(S):

- Develop methodology for field applications.
- Documentation of adequate QC/QA.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Project will entail evaluation/modification of the conventional "TOX" analyzer for mobile laboratory operations. If successful, unit will provide enhanced technical support for the monitoring of clean-up operations at contentious issue landfill and chemical spill sites.

PROJECT START DATE:

April, 1987

REPORTING DATE:

July, 1988

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Dan Toner

Laboratory Services Branch Trace Organics Section 235-5759

CONTACT:

Joe Osborne

Laboratory Services Branch Trace Organics Section 235-5759

PROJECT TITLE:

Development and Evaluation of Micro Extraction/Clean-up techniques for Mobile Lab Implementation.

OBJECTIVE(S):

- To adopt existing methodology for Mobile operations.
- To investigate solid adsorbant extractants for 2. field use.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

To investigate the downsizing of conventional extraction and clean up technology for mobile laboratory operations. As well, project will investigate the use of solid adsorbants for field applications in groundwater analysis.

PROJECT START DATE:

April, 1987

REPORTING DATE:

July, 1988

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Joe Osborne

Laboratory Services Branch Trace Organics Section 235-5759

CONTACT:

Joe Osborne

Laboratory Services Branch Trace Organics Section 235-5759

PROJECT TITLE:

Mass Selective Detector (MSD) for Mobile Laboratory Use.

OBJECTIVE(S):

Provision of MSD capability for Mobile Laboratory

Operations.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Installation and field evaluation of an MSD in a self

contained mobile laboratory to be initiated during 1987/88. If successful, unit will provide enhanced and rapid field technical support.

PROJECT START DATE:

April, 1987

REPORTING DATE:

April, 1988

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Dan Toner

Laboratory Services Branch

Trace Organics Section 235-5759

CONTACT:

Joe Osborne

Laboratory Services Branch Trace Organics Section 235-5759

PROJECT TITLE:

Evaluation of Purge and Trap and Headspace Techniques for on-site analysis of volatile organics in groundwater.

OBJECTIVE(S):

- Validation and Correlation of Analytical Techniques.
- 2. Field Implementation.
- 3. Improved Productivity.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

To determine the correlation between purge and trap and head space analytical techniques for use in the on-site analysis of volatile organics in groundwater/ leachate, etc.

PROJECT START DATE:

May, 1987

REPORTING DATE:

December, 1987

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Joe Osborne

Laboratory Services Branch Trace Organics Section 235-5759

CONTACT:

Joe Osborne

Laboratory Services Branch Trace Organics Section 235-5759

PROJECT TITLE:

Evaluation of Modified Hi-Vols

for PAH Analysis

OBJECTIVE(S):

Method Validation 1.

2. Implementation for Routine Operations

3. Provision of Accurate QA/QC Information

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Standard Hi-Vol units were modified to accept an adsorbent field cartridge. The cartridges after exposure were extracted, cleaned up and analyzed for a range of PAH's to determine the effects of ozone removal and

artifact formation.

PROJECT START DATE:

June, 1986

REPORTING DATE:

May, 1988

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Steve Burns

Laboratory Services Branch Trace Organics Section 235-5758

Gerry Diamond

Air Resources Branch

Emission Tech and Regulation

Development Section 965-4081

CONTACT:

Brian Foster

Laboratory Services Branch

Trace Organics Section

PROJECT TITLE:

Measurement of Deposition of Organic Compounds due to Long Range Transport of Pollutants

OBJECTIVE(S):

- 1. Method Validation
- 2. Implementation for Routine Operations
- 3. Provision of QA/QC data
- 4. Paper/Report Presentation

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Ambient air and precipitation samples will be taken at selected Great Lakes locations and analyzed for a range of chlorinated organics (PCB, DDT, Toxaphene), to determine the loading due to atmospheric deposition. Method will entail analysis in the sub ppt range.

PROJECT START DATE:

July, 1986

REPORTING DATE:

April, 1988

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Steve Burns

Laboratory Services Branch Trace Organics Section 235-5758

Maris Lusis

Air Resources Branch

Air Quality & Meteorology Section 965-1634

CONTACT:

Brian Foster

Laboratory Services Branch Trace Organics Section

PROJECT TITLE:

Broad Range Screening Method for Phenol Speciation

OBJECTIVE(S):

To provide a gas chromatographic analytical method for the analyses of a broad range of phenols, catechols, guaicols found in the Pulp and Paper Industry effluents.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Method consists of dual

FID/EC method to simultaneously

analyze chlorinated and non-chlorinated speciated phenols. After a preliminary extraction and derivatization, the extracts are submitted to gas

chromatography.

PROJECT START DATE:

December, 1985

REPORTING DATE:

To be determined

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Roxana Lega

Laboratory Services Branch Trace Organics Section 235-5756

CONTACT:

Yvonne Jones

Laboratory Services Branch Trace Organics Section 235-5760

PROJECT TITLE:

Routine Method for Analysis of Resin and Fatty Acids for the

Paper & Pulp Industry

OBJECTIVE(S):

To provide a routine method for the analysis of resin and fatty acids, targeting on the parameters required for MISA Paper and Pulp Industry.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

A method provided by Dr. Voss from Paprican will be adjusted and developed to provide a routine method for the analysis of fatty and resin acids in MOE labs, using the presently available automated G.C. - auto samplers, tumblers etc. with the requested client detection

limits.

PROJECT START DATE:

March, 1987

REPORTING DATE:

March, 1988

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Roxana Lega

Laboratory Services Branch Trace Organics Section

235-5756

CONTACT:

Yvonne Jones

Laboratory Services Branch Trace Organics Section 235-5760

PROJECT TITLE:

Robotics for Dissolved Oxygen Measurement in the Biochemical Oxygen Demand Test (BOD Test)

OBJECTIVE(S):

To automate the measurements of oxygen concentration required on the first and fifth day of the BOD test.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Purchase robotic hardware and software to enable unattended oxygen readings and data collection. Occasional attention will be required to change sample bottles in racks. The major difficulty is minimizing the time for each reading since more than 600 readings may be required per day.

PROJECT START DATE:

March, 1987

REPORTING DATE:

December, 1987

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Walter Wright

Laboratory Services Branch Water Quality Section 235-5879

Ben Cheung

Laboratory Services Branch Water Quality Section 235-5874

CONTACT:

Peter Campbell

PROJECT TITLE:

Robotics for Weight Measurement

in the Solids Test

OBJECTIVE(S):

To automate the measurement of weights of filters and dishes containing dried residue from environmental samples. Initial tare weight measurement is also

to be automated.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Purchase robotic hardware and software to enable unattended weighing on microbalance, and data collection. Occasional attention will be required to change racks of filters or dishes. The major difficulty is

minimizing the time required for each reading, since more than 2,000 readings may be required

per week.

PROJECT START DATE:

March, 1987

REPORTING DATE:

December, 1988

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Walter Wright

Laboratory Services Branch Water Quality Section 235-5879

John Evans

Laboratory Services Branch Water Quality Section 235-5878

CONTACT:

Peter Campbell

PROJECT TITLE:

Development of 15 Methods for Technicon TRAAC Colourimetric

Systems

OBJECTIVE(S):

To develop 15 colourimetric methods using the latest hardware and state-of-the-art techniques for continuous flow systems.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The reagent concentrations, time, and mixing parameters from the existing AutoAnalyzer II methods will be recalculated to suit the TRAACS 800 hydraulics. A suitable manifold will be built and tested. Several runs of samples over several days will be intercompared intercompared.

PROJECT START DATE:

April, 1987

REPORTING DATE:

December, 1988

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Mike Rawlings

Laboratory Services Branch Water Quality Section

235-5880

CONTACT:

Mike Rawlings

PROJECT TITLE:

Robotics for Sub-Aliquoting Station for Inorganic Tests

OBJECTIVE(S):

To prepare multiple aliquots of samples which are suitable for Water Quality Section work stations and which are accompanied by identifiers suitable for LIS operations.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Based on an initial feasibility study by an outside consultant, a design for a robotic station will be developed.

PROJECT START DATE:

September, 1987

REPORTING DATE:

April, 1989

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Walter Wright

Laboratory Services Branch Water Quality Section 235-5879

CONTACT:

Walter Wright

PROJECT TITLE:

Tracer Studies Using ICP/MS Isotope Ratios: Air Particulate

OBJECTIVE(S):

To investigate the feasibility of using isotope ratios to identify and

discriminate various sources of

pollution.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

A method has been developed

for the analysis of air particulate. Pb206/207 ratios have been measured in a group of samples from Dorset, Ontario. The isotope ratios correlate with

air mass trajectories.

PROJECT START DATE:

April, 1986

REPORTING DATE:

October, 1987

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Dave Boomer

Laboratory Services Branch Inorganic Trace Contaminants

235-5858

Len Barrie

AES

Federal Government

667-4785

CONTACT:

Dave Boomer

PROJECT TITLE:

Determination of Arsenic, Selenium and Antimony in

Environmental Matrices by Flow Injection Analyzer (FIA)-Hydride Flameless Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometric (FAAS)

Techniques

OBJECTIVE(S):

To develop a routine semiautomated method for the determination of arsenic,

selenium and antimony at ultra-trace concentrations in

environmental samples.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The object is to develop a fast routine method for the determination of arsenic,

selenium, and antimony in environmental matrices by interfacing FIA with the Hydride FAAS. Low detection limits will be achieved and will assist the client groups in establishing background levels of the above

elements.

PROJECT START DATE:

June, 1987

REPORTING DATE:

September, 1988

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Ram Sadana

Laboratory Services Branch Inorganic Trace Contaminants

235-5861

CONTACT:

Ram Sadana

PROJECT TITLE:

The Application of Robotics for the Digestion of Fish Samples for

Mercury Analysis

OBJECTIVE(S):

To develop an automated fish digestion procedure by using

robotics.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

To develop an automated

sample digestion procedure for biomaterials using robotics. It will shorten turnaround time for mercury analyses, thus achieving higher productivity.

PROJECT START DATE:

June, 1987

REPORTING DATE:

April, 1988

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Ram Sadana

Laboratory Services Branch Inorganic Trace Contaminants 235-5861

Bob Hillier

Laboratory Services Branch Inorganic Trace Contaminants 235-5845

CONTACT:

Ram Sadana

PROJECT TITLE: Microwave Digestion of

Vegetation and Soil Samples

OBJECTIVE(S): To develop a routine sample preparation method using a

microwave oven to replace present ashing, acid extraction system.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

A microwave system for digesting both soil and vegetation matrices will be developed. Results of analysis of samples for heavy metals must match present method in accuracy and precision. QA/QC protocols will be established and a report produced. Time savings should

result.

PROJECT START DATE: November, 1986

REPORTING DATE: May, 1988

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR: Liz Pastorek

Laboratory Services Branch Inorganic Trace Contaminants 235-5855

CONTACT: Liz Pastorek

PROJECT TITLE:

Application of Robotics to Digestion of Vegetation and Soil Samples for Analysis of Metals

OBJECTIVE(S):

To apply a robotic system to a microwave digestion technique used for vegetation and soil sample preparation for metal analysis.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

A robotic system will be set up to interact with a microwave oven by weighing samples, dispensing acids, placing samples into and taking them out of the oven. The computer will register sample weights for calculation of final concentration of metals present. Time savings should result.

PROJECT START DATE:

May, 1987

REPORTING DATE:

April, 1988

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Liz Pastorek

Laboratory Services Branch Inorganic Trace Contaminants 235-5855

CONTACT:

Liz Pastorek

Laboratory Services Branch Inorganic Trace Contaminants 235-5855

PROJECT TITLE:

ICP/MS Development of Method for Analysis of Drinking Water for Elements

OBJECTIVE(S):

To develop a sensitive

accurate method for the direct analysis of drinking water for

elemental composition.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Instrumental parameters have been optimized. Matrix effects have been investigated and minimized. Computer programs have been written to process the data. Intercomparisons and spike studies are being completed.

Further development will extend the range of application to surface water.

PROJECT START DATE:

May, 1986

REPORTING DATE:

November, 1987

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Dave Boomer

Laboratory Services Branch Inorganic Trace Contaminants 235-5858

CONTACT:

Dave Boomer

Laboratory Services Branch Inorganic Trace Contaminants 235-5858

PROJECT TITLE:

Development of New Low Volume Sampling System using Teflon Filters for Trace Metals Analysis of Air Samples by X-Ray Fluorescence (XRF) Spectrometry

OBJECTIVE(S):

Current revisions to regulation 308 will require the Ministry to be able to analyze for a wider range of inorganic parameters on air filters. This project will develop and evaluate teflon filter media for collection of air samples to be analyzed for trace metals by X-Ray and for TSP thus improving efficiency & throughput of analysis in support of air quality monitoring programs.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Project activities include:

1) choice & establishment of sampling stations for purposes of comparison of systems;

development of analytical

method for XRF;
3) analysis of samples by current methods including atomic absorption spectrophotometry (AAS) and ion chromatography (IC);

4) statistical analysis of data;

establishment of QA/QC

protocols.

PROJECT START DATE:

To be determined

REPORTING DATE:

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Jerry Hipfner Laboratory Services Branch Inorganic Trace Contaminants 235-5856

Rusty Moody Laboratory Services Branch Inorganic Trace Contaminants 235-5863

Jerry Hipfner CONTACT:

Laboratory Services Branch Inorganic Trace Contaminants

PROJECT TITLE:

Development of Methods for the Determination of Electroactive Species such as CN-, S=, by Ion

Chromatography

OBJECTIVE(S):

To develop working methods for the determination of

electroactive species such as CN-and S= in environmental samples

by ion chromatography.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Published techniques for the determination of electroactive species such as CN and S= by electrochemical detection and ion chromatography will be rigorously investigated to develop working methods for these two ions in particular. The investigation will include a study of all flow and separation parameters such as pH and eluant composition as well as optimum reduction voltages.

PROJECT START DATE:

June, 1987

REPORTING DATE:

May, 1988

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Jerry Hipfner

Laboratory Services Branch Inorganic Trace Contaminants 235-5856

CONTACT:

Jerry Hipfner

Laboratory Services Branch Inorganic Trace Contaminants

# CHAPTER 2

LABORATORY SERVICES BRANCH - UNIVERSITY

JOINT RESEARCH VENTURE PROJECTS

PROJECT NO.: TO-E-87-01

PROJECT TITLE:

Investigation and Development of Supercritical Fluid Extraction

(SCF) of Trace Organics from

Environmental Matrices.

OBJECTIVE(S):

To develop reliable and rapid methods for extraction of trace organics from environmental matrices using supercritical

fluids.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Supercritical fluids will be used to extract, possibly selectively, organics (e.g. PAH's) from environmental matrices. The supercritical extraction stage will be followed

by conventional analytical

methods to determine extraction

efficiency.

PROJECT START DATE:

November, 1987

REPORTING DATE:

March, 1990

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Dr. Wightman

Carleton University

CONTACT:

Ian Carter

Laboratory Services Branch

Trace Organics Section 235-5757

PROJECT TITLE:

ICP/MS Analytical Development

OBJECTIVE(S):

To investigate the analytical capabilities of the ICP/MS with emphasis on environmental

analysis.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Various aspects of the instrumentation will be investigated and developed. Project items include optimization of analytical conditions using simplex techniques, investigation of negative ion capability for determination of negative ions (sulfur and halogens) and application to tracer analysis and source allocation in precipitation samples.

precipitation samples; and optical, ICP/MS interface to determine added elements.

PROJECT START DATE:

January 1987

REPORTING DATE:

March, 1990

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Dr. B. McNutt

McMaster University

LIAISON OFFICER/CONTACT:

Dave Boomer

Laboratory Services Branch Inorganic Trace Contaminants 235-5858

# CHAPTER 3

LABORATORY SERVICES BRANCH

**EXTERNAL PROJECTS** 

## PROJECT NO.: DWO-E-87-03

PROJECT TITLE:

Method Development for Aqueous Volatile Halocarbons Analysis at the Parts Per Trillion Level

OBJECTIVE(S):

To develop methodology for the quantitative routine analysis of ambient water for volatile halocarbon compounds in the low parts per trillion (w/w) range.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

This method is to be developed with the Perkin-Elmer ATD-50 and its associated gas chromatograph equipped with an electron capture detector.

The lower detection limits will improve determination of the mobility of these compounds, the dilution effect, the distribution of these compounds within industrial discharge plumes and the plume size several hundred metres, and more, downstream from the source.

PROJECT START DATE:

June, 1987

REPORTING DATE:

October, 1987

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Cecelia Chan

Mann Testing Laboratories Limited 890-2555

LIAISON OFFICER/CONTACT:

O. William Berg

Laboratory Services Branch

Drinking Water Organics Section

CHAPTER 4

RESEARCH ADVISORY COMMITTEE

**PROJECTS** 

#### PROJECT NO.: 170PL

PROJECT TITLE:

Syntheses of Oxygen and Sulphur PAHs of Interest in Environmental

Pollution and Toxicology.

OBJECTIVE(S):

To prepare polynuclear

aromatic hydrocarbon compounds for use as chemical standards in the analysis of air particulate

matter.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

A method will be developed

for the preparation of PAH furans and related hazardous compounds. The method will be extended to the preparation of thiophenes and other chemicals suspected in emission sources from coal, municipal incineration and diesel

engines.

PROJECT START DATE:

August, 1984

REPORTING DATE:

March, 1988

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

E. Lee-Ruff,

Department of Chemistry

York University

LIAISON OFFICER/CONTACT:

Otto Meresz

Laboratory Services Branch Trace Organics Section 235-5762

#### PROJECT NO.: 200RR

PROJECT TITLE:

PAH Analysis of Environmental Samples at Low Temperature using

Fluorescence Detection.

OBJECTIVE(S):

Establish applicability of PAH analysis of environmental samples by low Temperature

Fluorescence Spectroscopy, and to examine the utility of Shpol'skii Spectroscopy for computer based data acquisition and processing in order to identify a selected group of PAH compounds, will be examined.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Environmental samples will be examined after the different preparatory stages currently

required for analysis.
Shpol'skii Spectroscopy using narrow spectralband lasers as an excitation source will be used to identify a selected group of carcinogenic PAHs. Additionally, the suitability of Shpol'skii Spectroscopy for computer based data acquisition and processing in order to identify a selected group of PAH compounds, will be

examined.

PROJECT START DATE:

April, 1985

REPORTING DATE:

March, 1988

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

S.V. Filseth, F.J. Morgan and

C. M. Sadowski Faculty of Science York University

LIAISON OFFICER/CONTACT:

George Crawford

Laboratory Services Branch

Trace Organics Section 235-5757

PROJECT NO.: 207RR

PROJECT TITLE:

Screening Methods for Air and Water Samples: Application of Inductively Coupled Plasma Mass Spectrometry (ICP/MS) to

Elemental Analysis.

OBJECTIVE(S):

To develop ICP/MS methods for multi element analyses of solid and liquid environmental

materials.

To develop ICP/MS as detector for liquid and gas chromatography columns to determine the chemical form of metals.

To extend above to include

isotopic ratio studies.

To verify the developed

methods.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

An electrothermal atomizer will be developed for direct sample introduction into the ICP/Mass Spectroscopy System.
The developed methods for the analyses of gas or liquid chromatographic effluents would

allow for the determination of the chemical form of toxic

metals in air and water samples.
The methods will further be
extended to allow for the
determination of isotopic ratios.
The developed methods and

technologies will be transferred

for use in MOE laboratory.

PROJECT START DATE:

June, 1985

REPORTING DATE:

March, 1988

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

J.B. French (UTIAS) and Jon C. Vanloon (IES) University of Toronto

LIAISON OFFICER/CONTACT:

Dave Boomer

Laboratory Services Branch Inorganic Trace Contaminants

#### PROJECT NO.: 230PL

PROJECT TITLE:

Development of an Ultrasonic Nebulizer for Stable and Reproductive Production of

Aerosols for Atomic Spectrometric

Analysis.

OBJECTIVE(S):

To develop an inexpensive but reliable ultrasonic nebulizer system.

To evaluate this device using AAs, ICPAES and ICPMS\*.

To transfer the technology to

MOE.

\* AAS-Atomic absorption spectrometry; ICPMS-Inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry;

ICPAES-Inductively coupled plasma atomic emission spectrometry.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

A transducer/power supply system from a \$100 home

ultrasonic humidifier has been The power supply has been modified for stability and proper

Use of a impedance matching.

coating directly on the transducer plate surface (compared to a bonded plate) is

being investigated.

PROJECT START DATE:

October, 1985

REPORTING DATE:

March, 1988

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Jon C. Van Loon

Institute of Environmental

Studies

University of Toronto

LIAISON OFFICER/CONTACT:

Dave Boomer

Laboratory Services Branch Inorganic Trace Contaminants

#### PROJECT NO.: 246RR

PROJECT TITLE:

Study of the Thermal Reactions of Polychlorinated Dibenzo-p-Dioxins on Flyash Particles under Incinerator Conditions.

OBJECTIVE(S):

Incinerator flyash will be placed in a heated flowtube. Nitrogen will be passed through the flyash to an impinger /florisil combination which will absorb any organic compounds volatilized from the flyash. Some suspected precursors of chlorinated dioxins and dibenzo-furans will be introduced into the gas stream above the flyash. The flyash, flowtube, impinger and florisil will be analyzed for dioxins and furans after each experiment. The temperature range of 100 C to 600 C will be

investigated.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Establish the thermal behaviour of chlorinated dioxins and dibenzofurans on flyash particles under incinerator conditions.

2. Identify precursors and establish mechanisms of dioxin formation on flyash particles.

PROJECT START DATE:

April, 1986

REPORTING DATE:

March, 1988

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

F.W. Karasek

Professor of Chemistry University of Waterloo

LIAISON OFFICER/CONTACT:

Ray Clement

Laboratory Services Branch Drinking Water Organics Section

#### PROJECT NO.: 270RR

PROJECT TITLE:

Development and Evaluation of Methods and Instrumentation for the Direct Analysis of Solids by Inductively Coupled Plasma Atomic

Emission Spectrometry.

OBJECTIVE(S):

The development of instrumentation and methodologies which will allow the direct analysis of solid ad difficult liquid samples.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Inductively coupled plasma atomic emission optical detection

methods will be used for multi elemental analysis. Furnace and direct sample insertion methods will be

evaluated.

PROJECT START DATE:

September, 1986

REPORTING DATE:

March, 1989

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Professor Eric Salin Department of Chemistry

McGill University

LIAISON OFFICER/CONTACT:

Dave Boomer

Laboratory Services Branch Inorganic Trace Contaminants 235-5858

PROJECT NO.: 274PL

PROJECT TITLE:

Characterization of the Fecal Indicator Bacterial Flora of Sanitary Sewage with Application of Identify the Presence of Sanitary Waste in Storm Sewers.

OBJECTIVE(S):

1. To determine the concentration of fecal indicator bacteria in storm water and storm sewers at selected Toronto locations; 2. To identify the species present in the above bacterial population; 3. To conduct the above analysis on sanitary sewers serving the same areas; 4. To develop a method to determine the presence of sanitary waste in storm sewers; 5. To apply the above procedure to the tracing of illegal sanitary connections to priority storm sewers in the Metro Toronto area.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Samples will be collected from selected sites and analyzed for various types of fecal forms.
The wastewater is then
characterized. The obtained information will improve Ministry ability to identify the presence of human fecal waste in intermediate sample types such as storm sewers, and would assist in making corrective measures.

PROJECT START DATE:

September, 1986

REPORTING DATE:

March, 1989

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Professor P. Seyfried Department of Microbiology University of Toronto

LIAISON OFFICER/CONTACT:

Mike Young

Laboratory Services Branch Water Quality Section 235-5866

#### PROJECT NO.: 276PL

PROJECT TITLE:

Klebsiella Pneumoniae Membrane

Filtration Procedure.

OBJECTIVE(S):

1. Development of a protocol for the enumeration of Klebsiella pneumoniae from environmental samples;

Determination of the ability of experimental methods to isolate Kp. sensu stricto;

Assessment and documentation of the performance characteristics of the method of choice.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Samples isolated from a variety of environmental materials will be analyzed by membrane filtration. Ten isolates will be obtained from each medium/sample combination. Methods with best specificity and selectivity will have their counting range and accuracy determined. A final report will be prepared detailing and evaluating all results and indicating the method of choice.

PROJECT START DATE:

September, 1986

REPORTING DATE:

March, 1988

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Professor P. Seyfried Department of Microbiology University of Toronto

LIAISON OFFICER/CONTACT:

Mike Young

Laboratory Services Branch Water Quality Section

# PROJECT NO.: 287PL

PROJECT TITLE:

Field Trials of Developed DNA Probes for Determining Bacterial

Pollution Source Inputs.

OBJECTIVE(S):

To determine the specificity in field trials of developed DNA probes (human, goose, gull) to trace and quantitate the sources of pollution at the Toronto

Harbour Front.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Isolates obtained from MOE Microbiology section laboratory, (Contact, Mr. Mike Young) which have been collected from human, animal and bird feces will be analyzed in a 'Blind' study by the DNA probes. The latter results will be compared with standard biochemical identifications. The DNA

analyzed samples will then subsequently be sent back to the MOE microbiology laboratory for 'Blind' confirmation.

PROJECT START DATE:

October, 1986

REPORTING DATE:

March, 1988

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Dr. W.C. Bradbury Toronto General Hospital University of Toronto

LIAISON OFFICER/CONTACT:

Mike Young

Laboratory Services Branch Water Quality Section 235-5866

#### PROJECT NO.: 288PL

PROJECT TITLE:

Development and Critical Evaluation of a Dual Column Gas Chromatography Method for the Determination of Polycyclic Aromatic Compounds in Environmental Samples.

OBJECTIVES:

The development of a dualcolumn gas chromatography method for the routine analysis of polycyclic aromatic compounds in environmental samples, using retention indices and either general or selective detectors. The general detectors being a flame ionization (FID) or photo-ionization detector (PID) and the selective detectors being an electron capture (ECD) or a thermionic sensitive detector In order to have an efficient protocol, a data base of GC retention indices for various polycyclic compounds will also be produced. Once the method has been developed the degree of confidence associated with the method will be obtained through a critical comparison of its data with that of GC/MS (gas chromatography/mass spectrometry) LC/DAD (liquid chromatography with a UV-VIS diode array detector) and LC/MS. (liquid chromatography/mass spectrometry).

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The chemical composition of environmental samples such as airborne particulates and sediments is very complex, consisting of hundreds of inorganic and organic components. A very important class of compounds in such samples are the polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons and their derivatives. This project will attempt to develop and evaluate a routine dual-column GC method for the analysis of polycyclic aromatic compounds (PAC) and create a data base of retention indices for PAC identification.

PROJECT START DATE:

October, 1986

REPORTING DATE:

March, 1988

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

M.A. Quilliam
Department of Chemistry
McMaster University

LIAISON OFFICER/CONTACT:

Joe Osborne Laboratory Services Branch Trace Organics Section 235-5759 PROJECT NO.: 290PL

1417-18-1851

PROJECT TITLE:

Nature of Substrates in

Industrial Wastes Relative to

Elemental Leachability.

OBJECTIVE(S):

The overall objective of the

study is to use the characteriza-tion of the solid phases of industrial wastes to determine their metal leachability and hence to be able to specify the environmental conditions required for stabilization and disposal.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

1. Characterization of the solid phases of wastes by X-ray diffraction, electron microscopy, selective extraction, surface

area;

Determination of kinetics of metal leachability in wastes;

Protocol development for classification of industrial wastes based upon their toxic metal stability which is based upon their solid phases.

PROJECT START DATE:

October, 1986

REPORTING DATE:

March, 1990

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

J.R. Kramer

Department of Geology McMaster University

LIAISON OFFICER/CONTACT:

Jim Pimenta

Laboratory Services Branch Inorganic Trace Contaminants

#### PROJECT NO.: 304PL

PROJECT TITLE:

Provision of Isomerically Pure Nitro-PAH Analytical Standards.

OBJECTIVE(S):

1. To prepare, by short and efficient routes, several classes of nitro-PAHs, potent direct acting mutagens which are increasingly detected in the environment from a variety of sources. Nitro-PAHs to be prepared are a variety of isomers

of: nitro-fluorenes, nitrofluoranthenes,

nitrophenanthrenes, and nitro

benz(a) anthracenes.

2. Similarly, to prepare a series of hydroxylated derivative of the above classes of nitro-PAHs of interest as metabolites and products of atmospheric photochemical and chemical oxidation. Some of these have already been detected in air

particulate extract.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

The work is based on recent synthetic methodology developed in the researcher's laboratories using transition metal catalyzed cross coupling reaction between arylboronic acids and aryl halides. It will allow the preparation of up to 100 mg quantities of a number of highly pure nitro-PAHs and nitro-hydroxy-PAHs in short time and with minimum handling of potentially toxic intermediates. Analytical purities will be established by HPLC, NMR, HPLC-MS, and GC-MS techniques. Once preparation methods are standard-

ized, the work will be funded by the user Branch.

PROJECT START DATE:

March, 1987

REPORTING DATE:

March, 1990

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

V. Snieckus

The Guelph-Waterloo Centre for Graduate Work in Chemistry University of Waterloo

LIAISON OFFICER/CONTACT:

Otto Meresz

Laboratory Services Branch

Trace Organics Section

PROJECT NO.: 323PL

PROJECT TITLE:

Development of Liquid Crystal Capillary Columns for Analysis of Polychlorinated Dioxins and

Furans by GC/MS

OBJECTIVE(S):

Under this project, work will be undertaken to develop the selective liquid crystal phases and fabricate capillary columns for separation of PCDDs, PCDFs and PAHs in environmental

mixtures.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

A direct analysis of environmental samples by GC/MS needs selective capillary columns. Liquid crystals are the selective stationary phases that have shown high selectivity for separation of various structural isomers, polyaromatic compounds (PAC) and 2,3,7,8tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin, that is not possible using the conventional capillary columns. However, such polymeric liquid crystal capillary columns are not readily available. Liquid crystalline polymer stationary phases having polysiloxane and polyarcrylate backbones with liquid crystalline moeities as side chains will be developed for capillary columns. The selectivity of such columns will be determined using standard isomeric mixtures that are impossible to separate on conventional capillary columns.
The correlation between the structure of liquid crystalline polymer and its selectivity will be established. The newly developed columns will be applied to the analysis of environmental samples.

PROJECT START DATE:

April, 1987

REPORTING DATE:

March, 1988

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Professor F.W. Karasek Professor of Chemistry University of Waterloo

LIAISON OFFICER/CONTACT:

Ray Clement

Laboratory Services Branch Drinking Water Organics Section

PROJECT NO.: 324PL

PROJECT TITLE:

Procedure for the 2,3,7,8-Substituted Analysis of PCDD, PCDF and other Target Compounds in Environmental Samples.

OBJECTIVE(S):

The present method of analysis of PCDD and PCDF does not provide sufficient separation of the most toxic isomers of these compounds. This proposal will utilize a two-step high performance liquid chromatographic fractionation to replace the present multi-step liquid chromatographic procedure. Once the method has been optimized to separate quantitatively the 2,3,7,8-substituted isomers it will also provide simultaneous determination of a wide variety of other organic pollutants.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

The two-step HPLC fractionation procedure developed for project 210 PL will be rigorously optimized and tested for the analysis of the 2,3,7,8- substituted PCDD and PCDF in a variety of samples supplied by MOE. A large number of samples will be studied in order to optimize the factionation procedure for the routine analysis of target compounds including PCDD, PCDF, PCB, pesticides, and polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH). Ultimately the HPLC method will be designed such that it will be amenable to automated analysis. Upon finalization of the method, MOE will receive a working HPLC and their staff will be trained to complete the technology transfer of the HPLC procedure. Criteria will be established for the identification and determination of 2,3,7,8-TCDD, 2,3,7,9-TCDF, and various other target compounds found in the samples analyzed.

PROJECT START DATE:

April, 1987

REPORTING DATE:

March, 1988

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

F.W. Karasek

Professor of Chemistry University of Waterloo

LIAISON OFFICER/CONTACT:

Ms. Colleen Tashiro

Laboratory Services Branch Drinking Water Organics Section

PROJECT NO.: 325PL

PROJECT TITLE:

Preparation of Heterocyclic

Polynuclear Aromatic

Hydrocarbons for Analytical

Standards.

OBJECTIVE(S):

To prepare specific thiophene and carbazole PAH's that are related to mutagenic carbocyclic analogues for reference standards in environmental analysis. Once these compounds are synthesized the second portion of the project will be to monitor the fate of these compounds under simulated environmental oxidations, providing information on their

relative stability.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

The synthesis of the compounds are based on two independent methods involving cyclobutanones and arylmethyl cations substituted by a thiocarbonyl group which were developed by the investigator. The preparation of the triophenes is based on the latter whereas the carbazole preparation is based on the former route. Furthermore, the synthesized thiophenes will be subjected to controlled simulated environmental conditions.

will involve primarily

self-sensitized photooxidation

studies.

PROJECT START DATE:

April, 1987

REPORTING DATE:

March, 1989

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Professor E. Lee Ruff Department of Chemistry

York University

LIAISON OFFICER/CONTACT:

Joe Osborne

Laboratory Services Branch Trace Organics Section 235-5759

#### PROJECT NO.: 326PL

PROJECT TITLE:

An Expert System for Quality

Assurance in Analytical

Chemistry.

OBJECTIVE(S):

The development of a generic expert system for use as a quality control and quality assurance program in the analytical laboratory. The study will involve the design and implementation of a prototype

system software.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Designing prototype expert systems software: designing rule and knowledge databases structure; designing user interface; designing a general instrument communication interface.

Designing instrumental analysis quality control programs.
Implementation of the expert system designs. Development of AAS data model and elucidation of

human expertise for AAS.

PROJECT START DATE:

April, 1987

REPORTING DATE:

March, 1988

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Professor Martin J. Stillman Department of Chemistry University of Western Ontario

LIAISON OFFICER/CONTACT:

Jerry Hipfner

Laboratory Services Branch Inorganic Trace Contaminants

PROJECT NO.: 327PL

PROJECT TITLE:

Solid-supported Isolation and Derivatization - An Approach to Automation of Environmental

Organic Analysis.

OBJECTIVE(S):

The development of a technique utilizing a XAD-Z resin for an adsorbent as well as a support for analytical derivatization of organic compounds.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

These objectives will be met through a systematic study of the variables to the reaction on the scale required for environmental analysis. They will be part of on-going studies on the chemistry of solid supported reactions on XAD-2 and other non-ionic macroreticular resins and application of this class of new reagents to analytical problems. The major focus of application will be the eventual development of robotics as a flexible analytical tool capable of addressing a majority of analytical requirements.

PROJECT START DATE:

April, 1987

REPORTING DATE:

March, 1989

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Dr. J.M. Rosenfeld Associate Professor McMaster University

LIAISON OFFICER/CONTACT:

Dave Hall

Laboratory Services Branch Drinking Water Organics Section

### PROJECT NO.: 328PL

PROJECT TITLE:

Detection and Quantification of Herbicides in Soil, Water an Plant Extracts using an Enzyme Linked Immunosorbent ASSAY

(ELISA)

OBJECTIVE(S):

The development of an enzyme linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) for the detection of trace levels of herbicides in soil, water and plants.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Detection of pesticides has been based mainly on conventional techniques such as gas-liquid chromatograph, HPLC, and thin-layer chromatography. Although these techniques are sensitive and reproducible, they are tedious, time consuming, and extremely expensive. In fields of clinical chemistry and endocrinology, immunochemistry is often the analytical method of choice because of its sensitivity, specificity, speed of analysis, ease of automation, cost effectiveness, and general applicability. The ELISA technique is a promising alternative because it shares many of the advantages of the radioimmunoassay, and it has the additional advantage of requiring only inexpensive equipment and of being well adapted to automated or partially automated methods.

PROJECT START DATE:

January, 1987

PROJECT REPORTING DATE:

March, 1989

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Dr. J.C. Hall

Environmental Biology University of Guelph

LIAISON OFFICER/CONTACT:

Pat Crozier

Laboratory Services Branch

Drinking Water Organics Section

PROJECT NO.: 329PL

PROJECT TITLE:

Refinement and Testing of a Preconcentration Sampler for

Dioxins in Water.

OBJECTIVE(S):

To develop an automated

preconcentration water sampler for the analysis of raw/treated water for chlorinated dioxins and dibenzofurans, and to deliver to MOE a final, tested prototype suitable for field work.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

This is a one year project to complement design and operation modifications identified in the

completed initial trials. Specifically, capacity and convenience of operation of filter systems will be improved; duplication of adsorption streams

will be implemented with improved adsorption column designs;

surrogate spike chemicals will be tested with improved spiking

apparatus.

PROJECT START DATE:

April, 1987

PROJECT REPORTING DATE:

March, 1988

PRINCIPAL INVESTIGATOR:

Bryan R. Hollebone Professor of Chemistry Carleton University

LIAISON OFFICER/CONTACT:

Helle Tosine

Laboratory Services Branch

Drinking Water Organics Section



(7668) Q/183/O52/L33/1987-88/MOE

Q/183/052/L33/1987-88/MOE
Ontario Ministry of the En
Laboratory Services Branch
inventory of aivs
c.1 a aa



Ministry Ministère de Environment l'Environnement